according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

1 03200 00000 Article No. (manufacturer/supplier): Trade name/designation epple 40 Sealant

UFI: 6V00-70P2-D00C-FEXA

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Sealing material for the sealing of different parts / buildinggroups

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

E. Epple & Co. GmbH

Hertzstr. 8 Telephone: +49 7032 / 9771-17 71083 Herrenberg Telefax: +49 7032 / 9771-60 www.epple-chemie.de

Department responsible for information:

laboratory

E-mail (competent person) labor@epple-chemie.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Information center against poisoning Bonn +49 (0) 228 / 19 240 (Advice in German)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Flammable liquids Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

The product is classified and labelled according to EC directives or corresponding national laws.

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms





Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P501 Dispose of contents / container to a certified waste management company.

Hazard components for labelling

Ethyl acetate

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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3.2. Mixtures

Description polyacrylate solution, filled

Hazardous ingredients

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No.	REACH No.		
CAS No.	Designation	weight-%	
Index No.	classification: // Remark		
205-500-4	01-2119475103-46		
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	9,9 - 19,9	
607-022-00-5	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / EUH066		
905-588-0	01-2119488216-32		
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	2,4 - 9,9	
	Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2		
	H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam.		
	Liq. 3 H226		
	Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (inhalation, vapour): 29,08 mg/L		
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29		
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	2,4 - 9,9	
607-025-00-1	Flam. Lig. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066		

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO), Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Floors must be electrically conductive.

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 5 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Fthyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

TWA: 730 mg/m3; 200 ppm STEL: 1460 mg/m3; 400 ppm

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

TWA: 724 mg/m3; 150 ppm STEL: 966 mg/m3; 200 ppm

Additional information

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value

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STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

DNEL:

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Workers:

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 63 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 1468 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1468 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 734 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 734 mg/m³

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Consumer:

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 37 mg/kg bw/day

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

EC No. 905-588-0

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 180 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 289 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 77 mg/m³

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 11 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic). Workers: 11 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 960 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 960 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 480 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 480 mg/m³

PNEC:

Ethyl acetate

Index No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,26 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,026 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 1,65 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1,25 mg/kg

PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,125 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,24 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 650 mg/L

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

EC No. 905-588-0

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,327 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,327 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg d.w.

PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg d.w.

PNEC, soil: 2,31 mg/kg d.w.

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,18 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,018 mg/L

PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0.36 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,981 mg/kg

PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0981 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 0,0903 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 35,6 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment



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Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number. Use combination filters according to EN 14387.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear eye glasses with side protection according to EN 166.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Appearance: Liquid
Colour: beige

Odour: characteristic
Odour threshold: not applicable

Melting point/freezing point: -83 °C

Source: Ethyl acetate

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 77 °C

Source: Ethyl acetate

Flammability: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 1 Vol-%

Source: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Upper explosion limit: 12,8 Vol-%

Source: Ethyl acetate

Flash point: -4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature: 390 °C

Source: n-butyl acetate

Decomposition temperature: not applicable pH at 20 °C: not relevant Cinematic viscosity (40°C): 4435,48 mm²/s Viscosity at 20 °C: 4 - 7 Pa*s

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12

Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 98,4 mbar

Source: Ethyl acetate

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 1,24 g/cm³

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Relative vapour density: not applicable particle characteristics: not applicable

Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Ethyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 18000 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 22,5 mg/L (6 h); Evaluation The substance or mixture has no acute respiratory toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

oral, LD50, Rat: 3523 mg/kg

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 4350 mg/kg

m-xvlene

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 29,08 mg/L (4 h)

inhalative, NOAEC, human.: 300 ppm

p-xylene

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 10760 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 14112 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ethyl acetate

Skin, Rabbit (4 h): Evaluation non-irritant. eyes, Rabbit: Evaluation mild irritant.

Method: OECD 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Ethyl acetate

Skin, Skin sensitization according to Magnusson/Kligman (maximization test), Guinea pig: ; Evaluation not sensitising.

Method: OECD 406

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Ethyl acetate

Reproductive toxicity; Evaluation From the available data there are no indications of reproductive toxicity.



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Method: OECD 471 (Ames test)

in-vitro; Salmonella typhimurium; with and without metabolic activation

genotoxicity: Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 473

in-vitro: Chinese hamster ovary cells: with and without metabolic activation

genotoxicity; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 476

in-vitro; mouse lymphoma cells; with and without metabolic activation

genotoxicity; Evaluation negative

Method: OECD 474 in-vivo; Mouse

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 230 mg/L (96 h)

Flow test

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia cucullata: 165 mg/L (48 h)

aquatic, freshwater

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus: > 100 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC:, Pseudomonas putida: 650 mg/L (16 h)

Method: DIN 38412

Fish toxicity, EC50: 220 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Artemia salina: 346 mg/L (24 h)

aquatic, marine water

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 13,5 - 17,3 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, IC50:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1 mg/L (24 h)

Method: OECD 202

o-xylene

Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2,2 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 209

p-xylene



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Fish toxicity, LC50:, Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp): 780 mg/L (96 h) Fish toxicity, LC50:, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill): 19 mg/L (96 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50:, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) 7,711 - 0,000 mg/L (96 h)

static test

Fish toxicity, LC50:, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) 13,1 - 16,5 mg/L (96 h)

Flow test

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 2,661 - 0,000 mg/L (96 h)

static test

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 13,4 mg/L (96 h)

Flow test

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 23,53 - 29,97 mg/L (96 h)

static test

Fish toxicity, LC50, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy) 30,26 - 40,75 (96 h)

static test

n-butyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 203

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EC50:, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 647,7 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, NOEC:, Desmodesmus subspicatus: 200 mg/L

Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 71 mg/L (48 h)

Fish toxicity, LC50:, Danio rerio (zebrafish): 62 mg/L (96 h)

Bacterial toxicity:, EC50:, Pseudomonas putida: 115 mg/L (16 h)

Method: DIN 38412 / part 8

Bacterial toxicity:, EC10:, Pseudomonas putida: 959 mg/L (18 h)

Method: DIN 38412 / part 8

Bacterial toxicity:, EC0, Pseudomonas putida: 115 mg/L (16)

Long-term Ecotoxicity

Ethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): < 9,65 mg/L (32 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 2,4 mg/L (21 d)

Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Pseudomonas putida: 650 mg/L (16 h)

Method: DIN 38412

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Fish toxicity, LC50 (96 h) Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

ethylbenzene

Fish toxicity, NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1,3 mg/L (56 d)

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (7 d)

Method: US EPA 600/4-91-003

m-xylene

Algae toxicity, NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,44 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

p-xylene

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ethyl acetate

Biodegradation, aerobic: 69 % (20 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable

oxygen consumption: 62 % (5 d)

n-butyl acetate

Biodegradation:: 83 % (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Method: OECD 301D

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ethyl acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 0,68

n-butyl acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 1,81 - 2,3

Method: OECD 117

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

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Ethyl acetate

Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 30

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ethyl acetate

soil, Adsorption: Evaluation Due to the low n-octanol/water distribution coefficient, adsorption on the ground is not to be expected.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Observe in addition any national regulations!

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose of packaging and contaminated filters at a offical hazardous waste incinerator facility.

Recommendation:

Waste codes / waste designations according to EWC / AVV: 15 01 10*

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Resin solution Sea transport (IMDG): **RESIN SOLUTION** Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Resin solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

Ш Land transport (ADR/RID): for packages > 450 litres: Ш Sea transport (IMDG): Ш for packages > 450 litres Ш Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Ш for packages > 30 litres: Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable Marine pollutant not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code Ε for packages > 450 litres: D/E

special prescription 640D

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L): 415

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Further details:

For professional use only. Product is not intended for consumer use.

Substance/product listed in the following inventories:

AICS no informtion

DSL listed

EHS no information

IECSC listed

KECI listed

MITI no information

NZLoC no information

PICCS no information

TCSI no information

TSCA listet

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.	
205-500-4 141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	01-2119475103-46	
905-588-0	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	01-2119488216-32	
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29	

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3

Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Flammable liquids Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled. Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

STOT SF 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or state all STOT RE 2 / H373

> organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquids On basis of test data. Eve Irrit. 2 Serious eve damage/eve irritation Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method.

Abbreviations and acronyms

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADR

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

BLV Biological Limit Value Chemical Abstracts Service CAS

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging **CMR** Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard DIN

Derived No-Effect Level DNEL

European Waste Catalogue Directive **EAKV**

EC **Effective Concentration** EC **European Community** ΕN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk IBC Code ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods International Organization for Standardization ISO

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic **PBT PNEC** Predicted No Effect Concentration

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals REACH

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN **United Nations**

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.



^{*} Data changed compared with the previous version